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FROM THE SHIURIM OF

HARAV YISROEL BROG שליט"א ROSH HAYESHIVA, YESHIVAS TIFERES AVIGDOR

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HARAV YISROEL BROG, SHLITA | ROSH HAYESHIVA, YESHIVAS TIFERES AVIGDOR SHIUR PRESENTED IN 5783

IN THE ABSENCE OF A RICH UNCLE...

In the Torah it says, כי ימוך אחיך, cif your brother becomes impoverished," מאחוזתו, "and he's forced to sell his field" (to raise funds), ובא גאלו הקרוב אליו, "and a redeemer that is related to him comes to him," וגאל "and redeems," את ממכר אחיו "that which his brother sold" (Vayikra 25:25). That means, the redeemer goes to the guy who bought the achuzah and gives him money and then he gets his relative's field back for him. The passuk continues, ואיש כי לא יהיה לו גאל "and a person who doesn't have a redeemer" and והשיגה ידו "and he comes into money." Let's say the original owner, who had to sell his field, comes into money somehow. He wins a lottery ticket. ומצא כדי גאלתו, "and he finds the amount of money that he needs to redeem his field" (v. 26).

The Torah is teaching us here that when a person comes to a situation of *dachkus*, of poverty, and is forced to sell his fields, he has two possibilities to redeem what he was forced to sell. The first possibility is if he himself doesn't acquire the necessary funds but has a relative who comes to redeem the sale. That's one possibility. Another possibility is if the guy himself who sold the field comes into money somehow and now he has the ability to redeem it on his own, without having to rely on others.

Now, the Netziv (R' Naftali Tzvi Yehuda Berlin, 1816-1893) asks a question in his commentary on *chumash* called *Ha'amek Davar.*¹ (In Brisk they refer to the Netziv as "the Zeide, Rav Hirsch Leib."² He used to give a *shiur* to *balebatim* every day in Volozhin). The question is why does the Torah preface the first possibility by saying ואיש כי לא יהיה לו גאל saying איי לו גאל אל את ממכר to pour redeem. Either a relative redeems it *or* you redeem it yourself. So the Torah should have simply said ובא גאלו הקרוב אליו וגאל את ממכר אחיו או השיגה ידו ומצא. Why does the Torah have to write היה לו גאל עו גאל עו מיה לו גאל יש כי לא יהיה לו גאל את מפר?

So the Netziv tells us that it comes to teach us an important *yesod*. If you don't have a relative with money to redeem it, how are you going to get the money? You know how you're going to get money if your family is not paying the bill? You yourself will receive it from Hashem. Hashem will give money to you.

POVERTY, THE GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY FOR BITACHON

With everything in life, whenever we have an expense, what do we typically do? If a person faces an expense what does he do? He comes to his parents. He comes to his daddy and his mommy and says, "Could you 'redeem' me? Could you buy me this suit? Buy me this hat? Buy me these shoes?" Buy me this. Buy me that. Buy me, buy me, buy me. Most people live their life with the perspective that their relatives will redeem them when they're in a pinch, whenever they need money.

¹ והשיגה ידו. הכי מיבעי או השיגה ידו. ואיש כי לא יהיה לו גואל מיותר. ובא להורות לנו דרך מוסר כי זה שלא יהיה לו גואל יבא לידי כך שתשיג ידו. דמי שיש לו גואל והוא בוטח עליו מסיר בטחונו מה' משא״כ אם אין לו על מי לסמוך ה״ה חוסה בו יתי והקב״ה יודע חוסי בו וממציא לפניו כדי גאולתו. (ואח״כ ראיתי שהקדימני בזה בס' מלאכת מחשבת) וכתיב ואיש. ולא ואם לא יהיה לו גואל. ללמדנו דגם הבוטח בה' מכ״מ צריך להיו איש היודע את בוראו ומשתדל בתפלה ובקשה ממנו ית׳. וכמבואר בויקרא רבה פ׳ י״ז טוב ה׳ לקויו יכול לכל תלמוד לומר לנפש תדרשנו. פי גם יבקש בתפלה.

² Presumably because R' Chaim Halevi Soloveitchik (1853-1918) married Netziv's granddaughter, who was the daughter of R' Refoel Shapiro (1837-1921), the famed Volozniner Rosh Yeshiva, and Sarah Resha (Berlin) Shapiro.

The Torah tells us that that's not a good way to get something, because when somebody relies on his relative for something, he's being boteach in his relative. He's boteach in his parents - and as such he removes his bitachon from Hashem. But when someone doesn't have someone to rely on, that person is forced to rely on Hashem. He has no alternative. Sadly, what people without bitachon say is, "I'm stuck." If you don't have in-laws or out-laws or somebody who can help you with the bar mitzvah or with the wedding or with the monthly expenses and you have no bitachon in Hashem, you know what happens? You're up the creek without a paddle, my friend. You try to drive up the creek and you don't have a paddle. Without a paddle you can't get up the creek. You're stuck.

A person has to know when he doesn't have something to rely on, Hakadosh Baruch Hu is providing him with an opportunity to be *boteach* in Him and by being *boteach* in Hashem, you will definitely get what you need. Hakadosh Baruch Hu is יודע חוסי בו, He knows those people who are relying on Him - and then Hashem will give him (Nachum 1:7). Hashem will provide him יכדי גאולתו

This is a *moradige yesod* from the Netziv that the Briskers lived by. The Briskers never tried to rely on people. It was never their thing; to go out of their way and say, "Who can I get my money from? Which connections do I have to try to make the money?" Rather, what did they do? They said, "We have no connections and we're being *boteach* in Hashem," and Hashem provided their needs for them.

The Beis Halevi talks about this at length in his famous *Kuntres Habitachon* and says that the more a person relies on something, that generally causes him to minimize his *bitachon* in Hashem. Let's say a person is *boteach* on his wife's job, which *kollel yungeleit* do. Even *balebatim* rely on their wife for a second income. They remove their *bitachon* from Hashem via that because they're not putting their entire *bitachon* in Hashem. And *bitachon hashalem*, he says, is when you don't make any *hishtadlus* and you say, "Hashem, I'm putting myself completely in Your hands."

CARS ACQUIRED WITH BITACHON

For example, the last car that I needed, I gave up my old car and I needed another one. Now, from time immemorial, as far back as I could remember, Hashem always provided me with a car. Always. And Hashem provided me with clunkers, cheaper used cars, and then as I progressed, Hashem provided me with newer cars and better cars and eventually even brand new cars. Hashem was very kind to me. Because I believed He could give it to me, so He did.

So this time my wife asked me, "What are you going to do? Are you going to get a new car?" I said, "No." I said, "Hashem never disappointed me by not giving me a car. I don't feel it's an emergency for me to have a car. If I need a car, I have who to borrow it from." We have a second car that if my wife is not using it, I can use it. I figured we could always figure something out. I said, "I'm going to put my *bitachon* in Hashem. Let's see what happens." I've done this before. This is the second time I'm doing it.

The spot where I parked my car remained empty for one week. For two weeks. People asked me, "What happened to your car?" I said, "I got rid of it. It was time to give it back." "So what are you getting next?" I said, "I have no idea. I'm waiting for Hashem to provide for me." And after four weeks, somebody came to visit me and he said to me, "Where is your car? How come your car is not parked out there?" I said, "I don't have a car right now." He said, "You know what? This is nonsense. Go get yourself a car right now. And I mean it. Get yourself a car. I'll take care of it." That was Hashem telling me, I'll take care of it. This was a *shaliach*.

And the same thing happened the last time. Except, the last time, Hashem gave me a bigger *chiddush* because until then for quite a few years I had leased cars and the

last time somebody called me up and he said, "I'm indebted to you for many many years. There's not an area in my life that you weren't involved in and did not put me on my feet. So I'm buying you a present." I said, "That's very nice of you but it's not necessary." He said, "I already arranged it." I said, "What is it?" He said, "A car." I said, "A what?" Now, this guy never drove a new car in his life. He's one of these guys who knows how to drive clonkers and keep them going. You put socks around the radiator to keep the belt going. And the guy said, "I got a car." I said, "What are you giving me? Your own *shmatta* you're going to bequeath to me?" He said, "I got you a new car." I said, "What?! You can't afford a new car!" He said, "I have a new car." And he gave me a new car. And he took out financing for five or six years. He financed the whole thing. It's now about a year and two months after he financed it. And he told me, "It's all paid off already." I said, "Wow! That's amazing. It's all paid off." Hashem took care of things. I had no *safek* Hashem was getting me a car. I just didn't know how or when. People get nervous so they try to push things along.

GO STRAIGHT TO HASHEM

Here is a guy making a wedding. Weddings cost money. They are expensive. The numbers that they have out there that it costs to make a wedding today are more than people could imagine. But if Hashem gave you the *shidduch*, Hashem will no doubt provide you with the money.

So, sometimes you rely on your relatives, your father-in-law, your parents, you rely on this, you rely on that and you remove your *bitachon* from Hashem. Or you say, "I don't have relatives who are willing to donate, or able to donate, so I'm forced to rely on Hashem." When you rely on Hashem, I'm telling you, that's the way to go. You have to realize that if you don't have a גואל, if you don't have relatives, you're exempt from *hishtadlus*. You're exempt from *hishtadlus*! If Hashem gives the person the *shidduch*, He's going to give him the money for it. But you have to be *mechazek* yourself and to know that. And the more *bitachon* you're going to have, it will come in a better package. It will come quicker. It may come this way, or it will come that way. But you're going to get it.

My rebbi used to say that in hoshanos we say אדון המושיע, the Master Who brings salvation, בלתך, without You, אין להושיע, there's no salvation. He used to say what does that mean? Only when you know that without Hashem you have no salvation, then Hashem saves and becomes אדון המושיע, the Master Who brings salvation.

This *passuk* teaches me an extra *chiddush*, my *rebbi* used to say, that even if a person was *yarad minechasav legamrei*, he went down, he lost all his money as it says in the *passuk* כי ימוך אחיך and he was forced to sell his field because of his *matzav*, the Torah tells us he can go back to to his original position through *bitachon* in Hashem.

THE BEST MUSSAR SEFER FOR BITACHON

Now the big question that everybody always asks is: How do you get bitachon in Hashem? So my rebbi said that the Brisker Rav, his father, used to say the best mussar sefer for bitachon is to study your own life. Study the different situations you were in in your life. You will see that there are situations you couldn't get past or you couldn't get through them without Hashem's intervention. He said, the biggest mussar sefer for bitachon is the "leben alein," life itself, because there are matzavim in life where there is no way to get through without bitachon.

So let's say a person is facing a *matzav* where he is sick or he has a sick child. Most people very quickly realize that most doctors are 'play doctors.' They're playing doctors. What does that mean they're 'play doctors'? That means the *emes* is that they don't know much more than me and you. And the *emes* is even though they sat in school for years upon years and then they went to do residency and they trained and trained, the *emes* is, if there's something a little bit more complicated and not so simple that they have to

face, they don't know what to do. So what they do, is they suggest a battery of tests and then they test you. And if they find out what the problem is מה טוב ומה נעים - but a lot of the times they never discover what the problem is and you're stuck. Or what if they discover that you have a problem that can't be healed medically? Most people lose themselves completely. If they hear they have a disease that medicine has no cure for, they lose themselves because they're *boteach* in medicine. They aren't *boteach* in Hashem. They are *boteach* completely in medicine, in the doctor with the white coat. He may be a nice fellow but what can he do for you?

REFUAH THROUGH BITACHON IN HASHEM

You have to realize, you have to be *mechazek* yourself in bitachon. Because when you're facing a situation like that, you have to tell yourself, "Okay Hashem, You want me to be *boteach* in You. That's what You want me to do. If there's no one there to help me, I have to be *boteach* in You. You are the ישראל. You will cure me."

I remember getting a report on a child of mine who was in a *yeshivah* out of town. I was called by a doctor who he had gone to for a checkup and he said, "It's a very serious *matzav*." I said, "What is it?" He didn't want to tell me on the phone. I said, "I can handle it. Tell me on the phone what is it?" He wouldn't tell me. He said, "I'm sending him right now to a major hospital." My wife and I drove there. We got there in the evening and met the doctor and he told us the news. "Your child has got a very serious illness." I remember it was in the winter. We walked out of the hospital. My child turned to me and he said, "Tatty, was that my death sentence?" and I said, "No." I said, "One thing you should know, that every single person in the world has a death sentence, but *machalos*, illnesses are made to be healed. Hashem is the 'but was in a yeshivate out of two was in a yeshivate out of the phone. I said, "One thing you should know, that every single person in the world has a death sentence, but machalos, illnesses are made to be healed. Hashem is the 'but was in the world has a death sentence, but machalos, illnesses are made to be healed. Hashem is the but was in the world has a death sentence."

And then he mentioned to me, "How about your friend?" I had a friend who had that same illness for twenty four years until he died. He struggled for twenty four years! I said, "My dear friend did not want to follow *bitachon* in Hashem. He wanted to follow a course of *bitachon* in medicine." He ran around the world to any country that offered any snake oil or any magic tricks that made no sense. He ran to them. Every morning, he would have a ten ounce cup of vitamins. I used to look at it and say to him, "My dear friend," I said, "What a *bizbuz mamon*. If you took the money you paid for that cup and put it in the *pushke*, it would be much better. What are you doing?" But he was convinced.

I told my son, "We're going to go straight to Hashem and we're going to see how Hashem is going to heal us." He said, "But there's no cure for this." I said, "There's no medical cure. Doctors don't know a cure. But that's not to say there's no cure for this. Hashem has a cure." Hashem made the *machalah*. It says in the *passuk* כל המחלה אשים עליך and Rashi says you know what that means? ואם אשים עליך, if people get sick, don't worry about it, Hashem says. I'm going to heal you. It's going to be, Rashi says, כלא הושמה, כל אני ה' רפאך, it's going to be as if it wasn't put there, כל אני ה' רפאך.

MARRIAGE AND SUSTENANCE THROUGH BITACHON

You have to train yourself. Look back in your life at so many things that happened. People always ask me, "How should I have *bitachon*?" I said, "Did you look in the mirror?" I told a guy, "Do you have a wife?" I said, "If you have a wife and you don't have *bitachon*, you must be out of your mind." I said, "For you to get married was a miracle. Who was going to marry you? Who would want to marry you? What did you have to offer a wife?" And sometimes the wife is not 100% and if she was the last woman in the world, people wouldn't marry her, and still she got married. That's a miracle to me! That shows me that Hashem creates marriages. You have to have *bitachon* in Hashem after you see that. And you have kids too? How do you have kids? I know a lot of people who got married and I thought they're never going to have kids. I can't tell you why I thought that, but I had good reason to believe they would never have kids. And then they shocked me. They had kids! You know why? Because Hashem made them have kids. You look in your life and

notice how you got through situations and succeeded only with bitachon.

You see people who have food in their refrigerators. They never have *milchigs* on Shabbos. I went into a guy's house once on Shabbos, and Shabbos morning he was eating cantaloupe and cottage cheese. I told the guy, "What is your problem? Who eats cantaloupe and cottage cheese?!" "That's what I prefer." I said, "Is it because you can't afford it?" "No." He was a lawyer as a matter of fact. He wasn't a rich attorney, but still. I said, "Don't do that. It's not *pas* for Shabbos. It's not *kavod Shabbos*. You're supposed to have a *seudah*. What you're eating is a 'meal.'" On Shabbos there are some people who call what they eat 'meals.' You don't eat 'meals' on Shabbos. On Shabbos, you eat *seudas Shabbos*. It's a *moed Hashem*. You're celebrating with Hashem.

"AS-NEEDED" OR "IN THE BANK"

I want you to know there's a *shitah* in Brisk that many people may not be aware of. The Brisker Rov writes this *shitah* clearly in his commentary on *Tehillim* on the *passuk* of ה' קוה אל. The Brisker Rav says that there are two *madreigos* of *bitachon*. There is one *madreigah* of *bitachon* where a person is *boteach* in Hashem that he will receive what he needs. But there's another *madreigah*, a much higher level, where his *bitachon* is so strong, that he feels as if it's already in the bank. He already has what he needs. So here is a person who has a child who needs a *shidduch*. He says, "I'm *boteach* in Hashem I'm going to find a *shidduch*. My child is going to find a *shidduch*." Then you have another person whose child already has a *shidduch* already, and now he says, "I know for certain Hashem is giving me the money for the *chasuna*. There's no question. It's like the money is in the bank already." These are examples of the higher *madreigah* of *bitachon* that the Brisker Rov is talking about.

The Brisker Rov learns it up in the *passuk*, and he says the *passuk* teaches me that a person whose *bitachon* is so strong in Hashem that he feels he already received what he needs is *zocheh* to וְיִתָּן לְךָ מִשְׁאֲלֹת לְבָּךְ. Hashem will grant you the desires of your heart (Tehillim 37:4). That's what a person has to know.

Sometimes people want things. There are many people who tell me they need something, and I tell them, "Have *bitachon* in Hashem." They say, "I can't live like that. I have to have the money upfront. I've got to know it's there upfront before I can proceed. I just can't have *menuchas hanefesh* like that." So I always think about the guy who was running a *yeshivah* and came to the Brisker Rav saying that he wants to travel to America to collect money for his *mosad*. He was in a difficult financial *matzav*. The Brisker Rav told him, "You don't have to travel. You need the money today? When you'll actually need

³ נראה להסביר כוונת הפסוק, כי הכתוב אומר שהתשלום הגדול שיזכה לזה הבעל בטחון הוא שהקב"ה יחזק ויאמץ לבבו, ויהי' בטחונו עוד יותר גדול ויותר חזק. ואבאר דברי בדרך משל, לשני אחים אחד עשיר ואחד רש, והאח העשיר הי' טוב לבב והעניק מעשירותו לאחיו העני בכל מלא מדת ההרחבה, הן באכילה ושתי' והן בלבישה ודירה נאה ושאר דברים, הכל ביד רחבה עד שלא נשאר בהנהגתם שום חילוק ביניהם. פ"א אמר העשיר לאחיו העני, הן אמת כי לא יחסר לך שום דבר, אבל זה בעצמו הוא לא טוב כי יהי' כל מצבך תלוי בי, וכל מחסורך יהי' נשען על טוב לבי מה שאני אתן לך. ולכן הציע לו כי יקציב למענו סכום גדול ויעשה לו ממנו עיסקא שימצא בה כל פרנסתו ברווח ולא יהי' עוד תלוי בו ובטוב לבו. והנמשל מזה לענין בטחון, שהכתוב מעיד שעל ידי מדת הבטחון יכולים להשיג כל דבר, כענין שנאמר 'והתענג על ה' ויתן לך משאלת לבך', ביאור הדבר, שאם תהי' בטחונך בה' כל כך חזק עד שתתענג ע"י זה, אז יתן לך משאלות לבך. וכן הכתובים מעידים להלן, 'גול על ה' דרכך ובטח עליו והוא יעשה, והוציא כאור צדקך ומשפטיך כצהרים', 'וכן דום לה' והתחולל לו שכפי' פי' חז"ל ענין הכתוב שאם יש לאדם שונאים המבקשים רעתו ידום וה' יפילם לפניו חללים חללים, הכל לפי ערך שלימות הבטחון ככה ישלם מאתו ית"ש לפי אותה מדה, וישיג כל משאלות לבו בהרחבה. אבל האם נוכל לומר גם שהקב"ה ישפיע לו עשירות גדולה עד שלא יצטרך עוד לבטחון, זהו דבר שא"א לאומרו, כי הנה בחובת הלבבות בשער הבטחון מסביר והולך שמדת הבטחון יתירה בערכה על כל מה שיש בעוה"ז, כגון שדות ובתים וכרמים וכל עשירות שבעולם, וגם מבעל האלכימיאה שבידו להפוך כל מיני מתכות לזהב, שכל אלו יש להם פחד מבנ"א ומגנבים וליסטים ושאר דברים, ואילו הבעל בטחון יש לו תמיד מנוחה שלימה ואין לו דאגה משום דבר עיי"ש בדבריו. באופן שהבטחון בעצמו יתירה ערכו על כל עשירות שבעולם, ואיך נאמר שה' ישלם לו בעד מדת בטחונו דבר שהוא פחות במעלה מהבטחון, אלא מה הם התשלומים יותר גדולים שיכולים להשיג ע"י מדת הבטחון, הוא שהקב"ה יחזק ויאמץ לבבו ויזכה לבטחון עוד יותר גדול ויהי' עוד יותר מאושר, והן הן דברי הכתוב קוה אל ה) חזק ויאמץ לבך וקוה אל ה', שבזכות הבטחון יזכה לבטחון עוד יותר גדול וזהו שכרו, ודו"ק, עכ"ל. (חדושי מרן רי"ז הלוי) [מצאתי סיכום טוב על דברי הרי"ז בס' שעורי רבנו משולם דוד הלוי, וז"ל: מרן ז"ל שאל בהא דכתיב קוה אל ה' חזק ויאמץ לבך וקוה אל ה' אמאי נכפל שוב בסוף הפסוק וקוה אל ה' וביאר מרן ז"ל דמי שיש לו מידת הבמחון נאמר בו והתענג על ה' ויתן לך משאלת לבך דהיינו שמי שיש לו במחון עד כדי כך שהוא מתענג על זה כאילו הכסף כבר ברשותו אז יתן לך משאלות לבך ואמר מרן ז"ל דלאיש כזה שיש לו מידת בטחון כזו גבוהה אין הקב"ה נותן לו עשירות גדולה עד שלא יצטרך עוד לבטחון אלא נותן לו רק צרכו לפי שעה והטעם בזה לפי מש»כ בחובות הלבבות שער הבטחון דהאדם הכי מאושר בעולם הוא בעל הבטחון משום שמי שיש לו עשירות גדולה חי תמיד בפחד מגנבים וגזלנים ואינו בטוח בעושרו אבל בעל הבמחון יש לו תמיד מנוחה שלימה דאף שאין לו עשירות גדולה אין לו שום דאגות כיון שבוטח בה' וזהו דקאמר קרא קוה אל ה' ושוב חזק ואמץ לבך וקוה אל ה' שלעולם הוא נצרך שוב למידת הבטחון.]

the money, Hashem will figure out how to get it to you. *Ela mai*, you don't want that. You want that the money should be in your bank right now and you should know for sure you have the money. Nu, *that* Hashem is not giving you yet *min haShamayim*. Hashem hasn't granted you that just because you want it."

The Brisker Rav lived like this. The Brisker Rav was certain that when Rosh Chodesh would roll around, he would have the money. And many, many times, on Erev Rosh Chodesh, in the morning, he would sit down and he would make a *cheshbon* of how much money he must have and how much money he still needs to pay for the *kollel* that he was holding out. And when he saw that he was missing a lot of money to allocate to the *avreichim* and he had nowhere from where to get the money, he used to say, "*Nu*, by the time the *chalukah* - the actual distribution rolls around - the money will certainly be here." And many times what happened was that somebody would come to the Brisker Rav and ask him, "How much money are you missing?" He would tell him, and the guy would give him the money on the spot.

UNIVERSAL NEEDS AND CREDIT CARDS

So of course, most people are not holding at that *madreiga*. But you have to understand that if there's something that everybody else has (i.e. it is a universal need that is satisfied for everyone), you will have it too.

That's what you have to realize. And if you don't realize that, that's called removing your *bitachon* from Hashem. Being *boteach* in credit cards is not *boteach* in Hashem. You should put your credit cards away, and say, "Hashem, I'm being *boteach* in You." Not in Chase Bank. Unless you want miles. If you're trying to rack up miles, then you can take a credit card but then you're obligated to be *boteach* with 100% *bitachon* that by the end of the month you're going to pay it up. You never carry debt to the next month. I've never ever carried a credit card debt over Rosh Chodesh and it wasn't American Express.

A person should *mechazek* himself in *bitachon*. And you'll have more *menuchas hanefesh* in your life *and* you'll get *sechar* for that.

PART 2: THE TAHARAH OF SHABBOS (5771)

SHABBOS PURIFIES US FROM OUR SINS

Shabbos brings out the true *tzura*, reflects the reality of the *chayei hayehudi* and a person has the ability through this day to be *mechazek* his *kesher* with the Ribono Shel Olam. You should know that the fact that we stand an entire day before Hakadosh Baruch Hu, we are *zocheh* to tremendous *taharas hanefesh* from all of our past sins and attain a tremendous *chizuk hanefesh* to enable us to go forward with some degree of purity.

The Kuzari (מאמר שלישי) writes devarim niflaim on this subject. He says as follows: The involvement that people are drawn to during the weekdays darken a person's nefesh constantly and certainly if the person comes in contact with chevrah of nearim and nashim and friends, from whom hears devarim mechuarim, disgusting things, schmutzige zachen. Or, he says interestingly, one hears nigunim that muddy the purity of his nefesh. That is the koach of nigunim, to directly muddy the purity of one's nefesh. Therefore, Hakadosh Baruch Hu gave us, he says, the yom haShabbos, a yom kadosh, when we are prohibited from doing all melachah and any sinful thoughts and then a person is separated from the avodah of one's guf to this world and he becomes attached to avodas Hashem. This creates a desire in a person to become closer to Hakadosh Baruch Hu and he now aligns himself with spiritual beings and he distances himself from his animalistic side and animalistic people. Through this, the nefesh becomes tahor and is cleansed of

its previous sins, and it prepares you for the coming week.4

EVERY TEFILLAH PURIFIES US

He says, can a person go an entire week without some *taharas hanefesh*? He says, no. So therefore, Hakadosh Baruch Hu gave us an opportunity to *daven* three times a day. A person is *omed lifnei* Hashem during his *tefilos* and that is a *taharah* shower that one takes. Because then also, when you are *omed lifnei* Hashem, you become attached to Hakadosh Baruch Hu and you purify yourself from everything you picked up prior to this and it now helps you move forward for the future.

He says, the *brachah* that a person receives in *shacharis* holds him until *minchah*. *Minchah* has the *koach* to hold you until *ma'ariv*. And he says, if a person prepares himself and detaches himself from *olam hazeh* or bad things some time before the *tefillah*, that helps enhance the *kochos* of the *tefillah*. However, he says, the *tikun hanefesh* that one receives *beshaas* the *tefilos* of the *yemei hashavua* are incomparable to the *tefilos* of *yom haShabbos*. Because with the regular *tefilos*, all you accomplish is a *tikun me'at*, just to 'stabilize' you. But when *menuchas haShabbos* comes and a person *mamash* makes a *shvisa*, a complete cessation and a complete separation from *inyanim hagashmiyim* and he's *osek* in *ruchniyus* for one *yom shaleim*, that brings him closer to Hakadosh Baruch Hu much more than anything else. And then, he can benefit on Shabbos what the weekday *tefilos* cannot do for him.

The tefilos and Shabbos basically enable a person to become attached to Hashem. When you see a person who is skipping davening or not davening, that person is losing his 'immunization,' his protection to be able to withstand the onslaught of the choshech and the nonsense that he picked up from rei'im, nashim vechaveirim ra'im. Now, he says, besides for the tefilos and Shabbosos, Hakadosh Baruch Hu also gave us Rosh Chodesh. It's a זמן כפרה לכל תולדותם. And on top of them, Hashem gave us three regalim which are also yemei menuchah vetaharah. That's why Chazal say, חייב אדם לטהר עצמו ברגל. *Taharo beregel* is a condition in order to have what the regel offers you. And on top of all those, Yom Kippur. That is the ultimate richuk from gashmiyus and that's where a person tries to emulate a malach, increases his humility, stands up a lot before Hashem, there are krios, he recites many more tishbachos and tehilos, and all the kochos haqufnivim are fasting, they are being osek in ruchniyus as if there is no teva behami, as if there is no animalistic side to a person. That's when a person could get cleansed from even the greatest sins, even from those things that the tefilos or Shabbosos or roshei chadashim or the regalim cannot cleanse.

⁴ וכו', ואחר זאת ההצעה ינהיג הכח החפצי כל האברים המשמשים אותו בזריזות וחריצות ושמחה, ויעמדוּ בעת העמידה מבלי עצלה, וַיִּשְׁתַּחוּ עֵת שַׁיִצָּוָם לְהַשָּתַחוֹת, וַיַשְׁבוּ בְּעַת הַיִּשִׁיבָה, וּמָבִּיטוֹת הָעִינִים הַבְּטָת הָעֶבֶד אַל אֲדוֹנְיו, וְיַעְמָדוּ הַיָּדְיִם מְמְעַשִּׁיהָם, וְלֹא תִתְקְבֵּץ הָאֶחָת עם הָאָחַת, וְתִשְׁתַּוִינָה הַרְגִלִים לְעַמִידָה, וְיַעְמָדוּ כָּל הָאָבְרִים כְּנָבְהָלִים הַיָרֵאִים לְעֲשׁוֹת מִצְוֹת מִנְהִינֶם, לֹא יַרְגִישׁוּ עַל מַחוּשׁ וְלֹא עַל הַפְּסָד אַם יָהָיָה לָהָם, וְיִהְיָה הַלָּשׁון מִסְכִּים עם הַמַחֲשַׁבָּה לֹא יוֹסִיף עַלִּיוֹ, וְלֹא יְבַטֶּא בִתְּפַלְתוֹ עַל דֶּרֶךְ הַמְּנָהְג וְהַטֶּבע כְּמוֹ הַזְּרְזִיר וְהַבְּבָּגִּא אָלָא עם כְּל מלָה מחֲשָׁבָה וְכָוּנָה בָהּ, וְתַהָּיָה הָעַת הַהִּיא לֶב זְמִנּוֹ וּפְרָיוֹ, וְיִהִיוּ שְׁאֵר עַתּוֹתִיוֹ כְּדָרְכִים הַמגיעים אַל הָעַת הַהִּיא, יְתָאָוָה קְרָבְתוֹ שְׁבּוֹ מִתְדְּמַה בָרוּהַנִיים וְיִתַרַהַק מַהַבַּהַמִּיִים, וַיְּהָיָה פָּרִי יוֹמוֹ וְלִילוֹ הַשִּׁלשׁ עִתּוֹת הָהָם שֻׁל תִּפְלָה, וּפְרִי הַשְּׁבוּע יוֹם הַשְּׁבָּת, מְפָנִי שֲהוּא מָעָמָד לְהַדְּבַק בְּעְנָין הָאַלֹהִי, וַשָבוֹדְתוֹ בְשִׁמְחָה לֹא בְּכְנִיעָה, כָּאֲשֶׁר הַתְּבָּאָר. וְהַסַּדָר הַזָּה מַהַנַּפָשׁ כְּסֶדֵר הַמָּזוֹן מַהַגּוּף, מְתָפַּלֶּל לְנָפְשוֹ וְנִזּוֹן לְגוּפוֹ, וּמִתְמֶדֶת עְלִיו בְּרָכֶת הַתִּפְלָה עַד עַת תִּפְלָה אָחֶרֶת, כְּהַתְמֶדֶת כֹּח סְעַדָּת הַיּוֹם עַד שַׁיִסְעַד בַּלְּיָלָה, וְכָל אֲשֶׁר תִּרְחָק עַת הַתִּפְלָה מְהַנְּפַשׁ הִיא הוֹלֶכֶת וְקוֹדֶרַת בָּמָה שָׁפּוֹגַע אוֹתָהּ מַעִּסְקִי הָעוֹלֶם כֶּל שַׁכָּן אָם יָבִיאָהוּ הַצַּרָך לְחָבָרָת נָעָרִים וְנָשִׁים וְרַעִים, וִיִּשָׁמע מָה שַּׁיַעַכִּיר זְכּוּת נָפְשׁוֹ, מִדְּבָרִים כְּעוּרִים וְגוּנִים שָׁתַּטָּה הַנָּפֶשׁ אֲלֵיהָם וְלֹא יוּכָל לְמְשִׁל־בָּה. וּבְעֵת הַתִּפִּלֹה מְטהר נְפְשׁוֹ מְכָּל מה שֶׁקְדָם, וִיתַקְנָה לֶעְתִיד, עד שָׁלֹא יַעֲבֹר שְׁבוּע על זֶה הַפַּדַר עד שַׁיִתַּקן הַנַּפָשׁ וָהגוּף, וּכָּבָר נִקְבָּצוּ מוֹתָרִים מִקְדִּירִים עם ארָךְ הַשְּבוּע לא יָתָכן לְטָהֶרָם וּלְנִקוֹתָם אַלָּא בָהַתִּמְדַת עֲבוֹדֶת יוֹם עִם מָנוֹחֶת הַגוּף, וְאָז יִרְצָה הַגוּף בַּשְּבָּת אָת אֲשֶׁר חָסָר לוֹ מִשְּׁשֶׁת הַיָּמִים, וְיִהְיָה נָכוֹן לְעִתִיד. וְכִן הַנָּפֶשׁ תִּזְּכֹּר מָה שְּׁחַסְרָה עם טְרְדַּת הָגוּף, וּכְאֵלוּ היא ביום ההוא מתרפאה מחלי שָׁקְדִם וֹמֹתְעַתָּדֶת לְמֹה שַׁיִדְּחָה מִמָּנָה הָחָלי בָעָתִיד. דוֹמֶה לְמֹה שֶׁהָיָה עוֹשֶׁה אִיוֹב בְּכְּל שְׁבוּע בְּבְנִיו, כְּמוֹ שַׁהוּא אוֹמַר: 'אוּלִי חָטָאוּ בָנִי', וָאָחַר כָּן יָהַיָּה עָתִיד לָרְפּוּאָה הַחָדְשִׁים וְחָדּוּשִׁי ָהַיָּמִים, כָּמוֹ שַׁאָמַר: 'כִּי לֹא־תַדָע מַה־יַלֶד וֹם›. וְאָחַר כָּן יָהָיָה עָתִיד לְשָׁלֹש רְגָלִים. וְאָחַרי כָן אֵל הַצוֹם הַנְּכָבָּד אֲשֶׁר בּוֹ יִנְקָה מַכְּל עוֹן שַׁקְדָם, וִשִּיג בּוֹ מָה שַׁחָסָר לוֹ בַּיָּמִים וּבַשָּׁבוּעִים וּבָחָדָשִים, וְתַנְקָה הַנָּפֶשׁ מַהַבְּלְבוּלִים הַמְחַשְׁבִיים וְהַנְּעָהִים וְהָשָׁוּב מְנָטוֹת אֲלִיהָם תְּשׁוּבָה גָּמוּרָה בִּין בְּמַחֲשָׁבָּה בִּין בְּמַעֲשָׂה. וָאָם לֹא תַתָּכָן הַתָּשׁוּבָה מַהַמַחֲשָׁבָה בְּעבוּר גָבוּרֶת הָרְעִיוֹנִי עְלֵיהָ, בְּמָה שֶׁקְּדֶם לָה מַזְּכְרוֹן מִה שְּׁשְׁמְעָה מִימִי ָהַנְעוּרִים מִשִּׁירִים וְחִידוֹת וְזוּלְתָם, תִּנְקָה מֵהָמִּעֲשָׁה וְתָתוּדָה עַל הָרְעִיוֹנִים וּתָקבּל שַׁלֹא תִזְכָּרם בִּלְשוֹנָה כָּל שַׁכָּן שַׁתַּעֲשָׁם, וּכְמוֹ שַׁנַּאֲמֵר: זְמֹתִי ַבּל־יַעַבְר־פִּי. וָצוֹמוֹ בִּיּוֹם הַהוֹא צוֹם שַׁהוֹא קָרוֹב בּוֹ לְהָתָדְּמוֹת בָּמֵּלְאָכִים, מִפְנֵי שַׁהוֹא גוֹמְרוֹ בְּכָנִיעָה וּבְשַׁפְלוּת וּבְעַמִידָה וּבְכָרִיעוֹת וְתַשְׁבְּחוֹת וּתָהַלוֹת, וְכָל כֹּחוֹתָיו הָגוּפִיִּים צָמִים מַהָּעַנְיָנִים הַטָּבְעִיים, מַתְעַסְקִים בַּתוֹרַיִּים, כָּאָלוּ אֵין בּוֹ טַבְע בַּהַמִי. וְכִן יַהְיָה צום הַחָסִיד בְּכָל עַת שַׁיָצוּם, שַּיענָה בוֹ הָרָאוּת וָהַשֶּׁמע וְהַלֶּשׁוֹן, וָלֹא יַטְרִידָם בִּזוּלָת מָה שַּיִּקְרָב אוֹתוֹ אֶל הָאֵלֹהִים, וְכַן הַכֹּחוֹת הַפְּנִימִיִּים מִדְּמִיוֹן וּמְחַשְׁבָה וְזוּלְתִי זָה, וְעם זָה יִהְיוּ הַמַּעֲשִׂים הַטוֹבִים.

That means, a person has to know that there is a comparison between Shabbos and Yom Kippur regarding a person's *matzav haruchni*.

Every one of us has a feeling sometimes and thinks, can I make it? I can't make it. It's too hard for me. I'm not used to this. I keep on falling. Can I make it?

You have to know that the *tefilos hayom* are the injection that is going to enable you to move forward. If you don't *daven*, or utilize those *tefilos* and get yourself an injection, then it's going to be difficult. You have to know that the essence of all these things, *tefilos*, Shabbos, Yom Kippur, is all one. They are all one and the same. Just with one of them you get a greater dose, and with others you get a smaller dose.

Hakadosh Baruch Hu is *tahor*, His servants are *tehorim* and therefore, if you stand in the presence of a *metaher*, you know what happens? That gives you *taharah*. אתם מטהרים ומי מטהר אתכם fyou ever had the experience of standing in the presence of an *adam gadol*, you get a sense of what *taharah* is. When you go before that *adam gadol*, you stand in his presence, you become humbled, you become shriveled. There is no sense of self. And all of a sudden, the last thing you're thinking about is *olam hazeh*. You're not thinking about hotdogs, you're not thinking about *devarim ra'im* in their presence. You become completely humble yourself. And that is the idea of standing before Hakadosh Baruch Hu on Shabbos. This is what heals us from the sickness of all our *avonos*.

You have to know that on Shabbos, the worst thing you could possibly do is to be *rodef olam hazeh*. The whole purpose of Shabbos is to separate ourselves from the pursuit of *olam hazeh*. Instead, we need to focus and think about how we want to get healthier. And now especially, in light of the fact that Rosh Hashanah is coming up and Yom Kippur, who doesn't want the next week and a half to be free of the weight of his *chataim*?⁵ Who wants to be weighed down by his *chataim*? And therefore, who doesn't want to be prepared for this coming week, to come to the *Yom Hadin* feeling a little bit cleaner and uplifted?

So this Shabbos, you should make it an amazing Shabbos.

EVERY TEFILLAH IS A YOM KIPPUR KATAN

R' Yerucham, when he used to speak about this Kuzari, he would say that you know what comes out from this? That every *tefillah* is Yom Kippur katan. Every single *tefillah* that a person has is *mei'ein* Yom Kippur katan. And a Shabbos is *mei'ein* Yom Kippur katan. And a Yom Tov is *mei'ein* Yom Kippur katan. And Rosh Chodesh is *mei'ein* Yom Kippur katan. In other words, they give a person a chance to become close to Hakadosh Baruch Hu.

So, *rabbosai*, let's be *mechazek* ourselves this week in order to make it. Let us try to think. Don't talk about things that you know are going to be *metamei* you and not be *metaher* you. Don't think about things that are going to be *metamei* you and not be *metaher* you. Focus on those things and dedicate yourself to Hashem. You need to rest, that's fine. If you have to rest, that's fine. But don't run away from Hashem because that is called pursuing *tumah*, not pursuing *taharah*. Come to Hakadosh Baruch Hu. Think about this a number of times, זכור את יום השבת, לפני מי אתם מטהרים, Whom am I standing in front of? Hakadosh Baruch Hu is *tahor*, His *mesharsim* are *tahor*. Try to picture that you are *omed lifnei* Hashem on this wonderful Shabbos. *Im yirtze Hashem*, if you'll do that, you'll be *zocheh* to *taharah* beyond your imagination.

⁵ This shiur was given on 17 Elul, 5771

∛ In Summary ﴾

The Netziv tells us that the seemingly extra words of ואיש כי לא יהיה לו גאל teach us, that when someone doesn't have a redeemer to buy his field back for him, he's able to rely on Hashem. This pasuk is emphasizing that whatever we may be missing - if we don't have a natural means to obtain that - when we trust in Hashem, He will give it to us, ומצא כדי גאלתו. Sadly, too many people who don't have anyone to help them out or don't have anything to rely upon, feel "stuck" and give up, when, in reality, they can, and should, turn directly to Hashem. On a deeper level, when we don't have a natural means to achieve what we need, Hashem is actually providing us with a golden opportunity to rely directly on Him, where we are exempt from hishtadlus! According to the Brisker Rav, the best mussar sefer for gaining bitachon is to study your own life (leben alein). By looking back at various life events and challenges in your past, you will become more aware of where you couldn't get past challenges without relying on Hashem. We also learned about the two madraigos of bitachon, according to the Brisker Ray - one, where we are boteach on Hashem that we'll receive what we need, and the second one, where our bitachon is so strong that we feel as if it's already "in the bank." And while this second level of bitachon is, understandably, a much higher level of reliance on Hashem, we must understand that if we don't at least believe that we can receive something that's considered a "universal" need, like parnasa, shidduchim, a home to live in, etc., we are essentially removing our bitachon in Hashem. This coming week, I will (bli neder) look back at events in my life and think of some challenging moments that I couldn't have gotten past without having even the simple level of bitachon that the Brisker Rav is discussing. And in the zechus of this exercise, iv"H. I will be mechazek myself to continue building my bitachon in Hashem, which will give me more menuchas hanefesh and, ultimately, sechar as well!

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